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BRITISH HONDURAS.

Report from Belize, fruit port.

Acting Assistant Surgeon Carson reports as follows: Week ended July 7, 1904: Present officially estimated population, 8,500. One death; prevailing disease, malarial fever; general sanitary condition of this port and the surrounding country during the week, good.

Bills of health were issued to the following-named vessel:

Date.	Vessel.	Number of crew.	Number of passengers from this port.	Number of passengers in transit.	Pieces of baggage disinfected.
July 1	Olympia.....	41	3	15	0

CANADA.

Inspection of immigrants at Vancouver, British Columbia.

Acting Assistant Surgeon Riggs reports as follows: Month of June, 1904: Number of immigrants inspected, 697; number passed, 692; number rejected, 5.

CHILE.

Report from Antofagasta—Plague extinct.

Consul Greene reports, July 8, as follows: "Plague concluded."

CHINA.

Plague in Amoy.

The following is received from Consul Fesler under date of June 4:

A few cases of plague appeared about two weeks ago. The disease has not progressed as rapidly as in former seasons on account of continued cool weather. There have, however, been many cases in the interior cities from which our immigrants for Manila come.

Report from Shanghai—Inspection of vessels—Smallpox—Cholera reported present.

Acting Assistant Surgeon Ransom reports, June 22, as follows:

During the week ended June 18, 1904, there were inspected 2 vessels, 95 crew, and no passengers. Manifests were viséed for 17,940 pieces of freight.

The report of the municipal health officer shows for the week: Smallpox, 8 deaths; enteric fever, 3 cases; diphtheria, 4 deaths; tuberculosis, 48 deaths. The total mortality given was 2 foreigners and 154 natives.

It will be observed that the native mortality is beginning to increase, as may be expected at this season of the year. While no cholera is officially reported, I have heard rumors of its existence in the native city at least, but have as yet been unable to verify the report. The weather has been rather unfavorable to the development of the disease

thus far; nevertheless, it is quite possible that it has commenced its ravages. As soon as I am satisfied of its existence, I shall put into operation all of the restrictions heretofore enforced regarding freight and passengers.

No quarantinable diseases have been reported from outports during the week.

COSTA RICA.

Report from Limon, fruit port—Yellow fever.

Acting Assistant Surgeon Goodman reports as follows: Week ended July 9, 1904. Estimated population, 4,000; number of deaths, 7, including 1 from yellow fever; prevailing diseases, malarial intermittent fever, with an increase in the number of cases of hemoglobinuric fever. General sanitary condition of this port and the surrounding country during the week, not good. The case of yellow fever above reported is that of an American missionary, who has lived for some months in Limon. It is a mild case and promises recovery.

Bills of health were issued to the following-named vessels:

Date.	Vessel.	Number of crew.	Number of passengers from this port.	Number of passengers in transit.	Pieces of baggage disinfected.
July 3	Bradford	39	0	0	0
4	Siberia	53	1	16	0
4	Admiral Farragut	53	12	0	0
5	Jno. Wilson	18	0	0	0
6	Hispania	22	0	0	0
6	Mt. Vernon	20	0	0	0
6	Buckman	38	0	0	0
7	Greenbrier	47	5	0	0
8	Montevideo	121	70	75	0
9	Brewster	33	0	0	0

In addition to bills of health issued to above vessels according to regulations of United States Public Health and Marine-Hospital Service, the steamer *Pecine*, crew 23, no passengers, was inspected and bill of health to Cardenas, Cuba, given. Three bills of health for Panama ports were viséed.

CUBA.

Report from Habana.

Acting Assistant Surgeon Echemendia reports, July 13, as follows: Week ended July 9, 1904:

Vessels inspected and bills of health issued, 24; crew of outgoing vessels inspected, 1,012; passengers of outgoing vessels inspected, 616.

Mortuary report of Habana during the week ended July 9, 1904.

Disease.	Number of deaths.
Meningitis	11
Enteritis	9
Tuberculosis	20
Pneumonia	7
Dysentery	1
Cancer	4
Gangrene	1
Enteric fever	1
Bronchitis	3

Total number of deaths, 135.